President of the Arab Republic of Egypt’s

Decree-Law No. 92/2015

Amending some provisions of the Political Rights Law No. 45 of 2014

And the House of Representatives Law No. 46 of 2014

President of the Republic;

Pursuant to:

- The Constitution;
- The Political Rights Law, No. 45/2014;
- The House of Representatives Law No. 46/2014;
- The approval of the Council of Ministers; and
- To what the Council of State has concluded;

Decrees as follows:

Article 1:

The word (decisive) used in Article 2, Clause 2, Item 1 of the Political Rights Law, shall be replaced by the word (final).

The last two clauses of Article 2, Article 12, and Clause 2 of Article 25 of the same Law shall be replaced by the following texts:

The last two clauses of Article 2:

In the cases provided for in Items (1, 2, 5, 6, 7, and 8), deprivation shall be for six years as of the date of punishment execution, and in the cases provided for in Items (3 & 4), it shall be for six years as of the date of sentence issuance. In all cases, the deprivation provided for in the aforementioned items shall not be enforced if the punishment execution is ceased or if the person is rehabilitated.

Article 12:

The High Elections Committee shall form an elections committee in each governorate, which will be called, under this Law, the “Governorate Elections Committee (GEC)”, and will be chaired by the chief justice of the Court of First Instance or chief justice of a Court of Appeals in the governorates where a court of first instance does not exist. The GEC membership shall be: a judge in the courts of appeals, an advisor in the Council of State, a deputy-chairman of the State Lawsuit Authority and deputy-chairman of the Administrative Prosecution Authority; those shall be selected by the Higher Council of Magistracy and the
boards of these judicial authorities and bodies, whatever the case is. Those boards shall select a standby member to replace the original one, in case the latter fails to attend for any reason. The High Committee shall define the GEC competences.

**Clause 2 of Article 25:** The maximum expenses made by the candidates of a list for which 15 seats are allocated, shall be 2,500,000 Egyptian pounds; in case of repetition, the maximum expenses shall be one million pounds; these amounts shall be tripled for a list for which 45 seats are allocated.

**Article 2:**

Texts of Articles 1, 3 and 8-1, of the House of Representatives Law No. 46 of 2014, shall be replaced by the following:

**Article 1:**

The first House of Representatives, after the enforcement of the Constitution issued on January 18, 2014, shall consist of 568 members, elected by public direct confidential voting; president of the republic may appoint no more than 5% of members according to the provisions stipulated for in this Law.

**Article 3:**

The House of Representatives election shall be at a rate of 448 seats through the individual system, and 120 seats through the absolute and closed lists system; parties and independents may stand as candidates through both systems.

**Article 8-1:**

Must be an Egyptian, enjoying civil and political rights.

**Article 3:**

The word (and bodies) shall be added after the phrase (media means) stated in Clause 1 of Article 33 of the aforementioned Political Rights Law.

**Article 4:**

The phrase (even before the fifteen days preceding the voting day) stated in Clause 2 of Article 16 of the aforementioned Political Rights Law, shall be deleted. The phrase (these means must), stated in Clause 2 of Article 33 of the aforementioned Law, shall be deleted.

**Article 5:**

Clause 2 of Article 6 of the aforementioned House of Representatives Law shall be abolished.
Article 6:

This Decree-law shall be published in the Official Gazette, and shall take effect as of the day following its issuance.

Issued at the Republic’s Presidency, on July 29, 2015.

Abdel Fattah el-Sisi